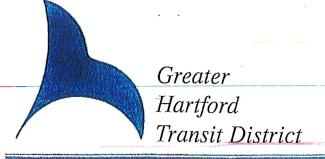
GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by: Accounting Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



December 13, 2019

Members of the Board of Directors Greater Hartford Transit District Hartford, Connecticut

The State of Connecticut statutes require that the Greater Hartford Transit District (the "District") publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified (clean) opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the District

The District is a regional governmental unit formed under the provisions of Chapter 103a of the Connecticut General Statutes. There are currently sixteen member towns: Bloomfield, East Hartford, East Windsor, Enfield, Farmington, Granby, Hartford, Manchester, Newington, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, South Windsor, Vernon, West Hartford, Wethersfield and Windsor. Each member town appoints one to four Directors according to population, who collectively form the Board of Directors, which is the policy-making body of the District. The day-to-day affairs of the District are managed by the Executive Director and her staff.

The District has broad powers to acquire, operate, finance, plan, develop, maintain and otherwise provide all forms of land transportation and related services including the development or renewal of transportation centers and parking facilities. It has the power to issue revenue and general obligation bonds. The agency also serves a pass-through function for federal, state and private grants for the purpose of acquiring transportation equipment or providing transportation services. The District adopts an annual budget which serves as a foundation for the District's financial planning and control.

Economic Impact

The economic condition of the District is dependent on available federal and state funding, the real estate market and the diverse communities and population that the agency serves. Rental income, parking lot fees, vending machine concession and advertising income support Union Station Transportation Center operations. State funding levels are expected to increase slightly for the ADA Paratransit program, the status of the Municipal non-ADA Dial-A-Ride grant is secure along with the New Freedom Program. All other contracts are expected to remain consistent with prior year activity. The Federal Transit Administration ("FTA") grant funding programs are expected to increase for the District this upcoming fiscal year due to newly authorized capital projects. The District is also applying for an IMI Mobility on Demand Sandbox Demonstration Grant seeking funding from the FTA in partnership with M7.

Improvements and upgrades to Union Station will continue as part of the District's ongoing effort to improve the facility for its tenants, passengers, and visitors to the area. These improvements will have a significant impact on making public transportation a more attractive alternative to commuters and to the general population for trips in and out of the city.

Long-Term Financial and Capital Planning Approach

Long-term financial planning of the District is primarily accomplished by integrating elements of the CT Department of Transportation's Long Range Transportation Plan (the "LRTP") and the State Transportation Improvement Plan (the "STIP"). The LRTP is a federally mandated policy document that outlines strategies and actions for addressing transportation issues and needs in CT. It serves as a framework for preparing future, project-specific transportation plans such as STIP. The latest LRTP covers the period from 2018 through 2050. The STIP is a four-year planning document that lists all projects expected to be funded in those identified four years (2018-2021) with FTA participation. The STIP which is multimodal is the vehicle for implementing the goals and objectives identified in regional and State long-range transportation plans which then translates into allocated funding that the District will receive during each fiscal year.

Accomplishments

- 5307 grant funding for the upcoming fiscal year will equate to an additional \$3,950,000.
 Activities to be funded include; replacement of ADA paratransit vehicles, preventative maintenance necessary to keep Union Station in a state of good repair, and the purchase of capital equipment and services to support the operation.
- The combined Union Station Public and Private side revenues were \$46,000 more than expenses.
- Total Spruce Street Parking Lot Revenue in FY'19 increased by \$270,000 or \$90,800 over the previous fiscal year.
- The District's General Fund generated an additional \$231,000 in excess of revenues over expenses.
- Actual interest income earned for FY'19 is approximately 208% higher than last fiscal year.
- Fuel rebates for the ADA Paratransit fleet was 15% higher than last fiscal year.
- Capital Workforce Partners committed to a new long term lease at Hartford Union Station.
- Total Legal fees were 50% lower from the previous fiscal year.
- blumshapiro issued a clean opinion on the FY'18 financial reports, and there were no material weaknesses in the internal control over financial reporting.
- Extended the second amendment to the retail lease for the (2) Bank of America ATM machines at Union Station.
- Two new accessible wheelchair lifts on the third floor of Hartford Union Station were procured and installed.

- In regard to the Union Station brownstone repairs, Capasso Restoration completed both Phase I & Phase II which included masonry repair, waterproofing, removing loose stones, redressing stone surfaces, repointing mortar joints, and washing the project area.
- Worked with the City of Hartford to obtain approval to install a bus shelter at Bushnell Park on Asylum Avenue across from Union Station. This bus shelter will serve the growing number of passengers using CTfastrak from the Hartford Line.
- (30) new replacement ADA Paratransit vehicles were procured for the ADA Paratransit service. The current total fleet is 157.
- Upgraded the existing telephone communications system at the District Offices.
- Upgraded and added additional video surveillance cameras to Hartford Union Station.
- Replacement of server equipment was completed.
- Hired a consultant from blumshapiro to provide the entire staff with Cybersecurity training.
 They were given a broad overview of cybersecurity trends and a general awareness on cybercrimes and data breach situations.
- Purchased Cyber Insurance which were designed to address the risk and mitigate the disruptive impact and expense of prospective first and third party claims. The policy covers computer fraud, regulatory actions, civil lawsuits, computer program and electronic data restoration expenses, security breach, etc.
- Renegotiated the contract with the 3rd party provider (Occupational Drug & Alcohol Testing) for the Statewide Drug & Alcohol Consortium.
- Completed an upgrade to the Sage accounting system which added a Purchase Order component for better efficiency in the procurement and accounting departments.
- The Spruce Street Canopy project which includes scraping, painting, replacing gutters, and new LED lighting is 90% complete.
- The passenger information display terminals were modified so that rail schedules and bus schedules are now separate and more passenger friendly.

Future Initiatives

- Approval was given for the acquisition of two additional lots immediately adjacent to the
 District's ADA Paratransit Operations & Maintenance Facility for future growth at the complex.
 The first property to be acquired is approximately 33,874 square feet, and the second property
 is approximately 46,679 square feet.
- Begin the process of replacing the roof at Hartford Union Station. Leaks are widespread during heavy rains and snow. This project would involve hiring an A&E firm this upcoming year to develop the plans for construction to replace the entire roof. The project will be done in phases and take approximately 2-years to complete.
- Public Bathroom Expansion/Renovation. This project involves acquiring additional space from
 the Amtrak leasehold in order to expand and renovate the public restrooms in the
 Transportation Center. Union Station has seen a dramatic increase in passengers with the
 expansion of the Hartford Line. In order to accommodate the growing number of passengers,
 expanding and updating these facilities is imperative. The first phase will be to hire and A & E
 firm to develop the plans.
- Cameras on Existing Vehicles: All of the District's ADA Paratransit vehicles currently have
 DriveCam. The current system only captures a recording of an event when it is "triggered".

 Triggers include hard braking, hard acceleration, cornering, or a collision. However purchasing
 and installing (2) video cameras in each vehicle that can capture real time incidents as they occur
 would be extremely beneficial. Public transit camera systems provide security against litigation
 and safety for both the passengers and drivers.
- The District will be adding additional software modules to its Trapeze software system which is necessary to support the ADA Paratransit operation.

- The Sage accounting software that the District's finance department uses is ready for an upgrade to the newest version. This is necessary as Sage will no longer support the version of software that is currently being utilized.
- District staff is working to update our website to make it less cumbersome and more user friendly.
- Fuel Tank Conversion: The District can no longer purchase diesel chassis as they are not available, thus there is a need to convert the diesel tank to gas. The current fueling tank on the property is a 10,000 gallon diesel tank which was procured in 2006. Whereas the fleet was 100% diesel until three years ago, we have been forced to buy only gasoline vehicles since both manufacturers no long make the chassis for diesel. The outside fueling process is very expensive and the pass-through costs to CTDOT can be lowered significantly if we were to convert the current tank and procure fuel through the Department of Administrative Services.
- Developed a Request for Proposal for a new Passenger Information Display System for the Bradley Airport Express Services. This Passenger Information Display System will be separate from the existing bus and rail displays and will be located solely in the Transit Center.
- Determine resources to Increase advertising revenues within the station.
- Evaluate the option to convert some of our vehicles to dedicated propane autogas or propane bi-fuel systems.
- Develop a Request for Proposal for a more diverse fleet which will include smaller vehicles.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) to the District for its Fiscal Year End 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

I would like to thank all members of the District staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report, as well as the members of the District Board for their interest and continued support in the ongoing efforts of the agency.

Respectfully Submitted,

Vish I Shotland

Vicki L. Shotland

Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Greater Hartford Transit District Connecticut

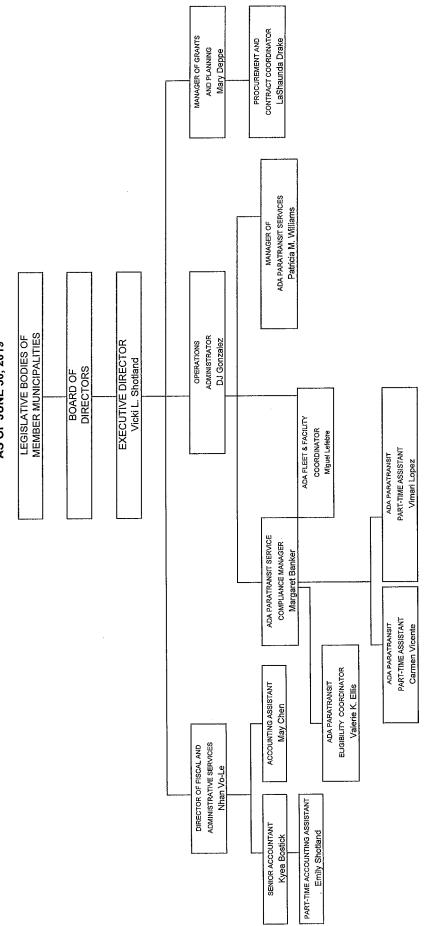
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Movill

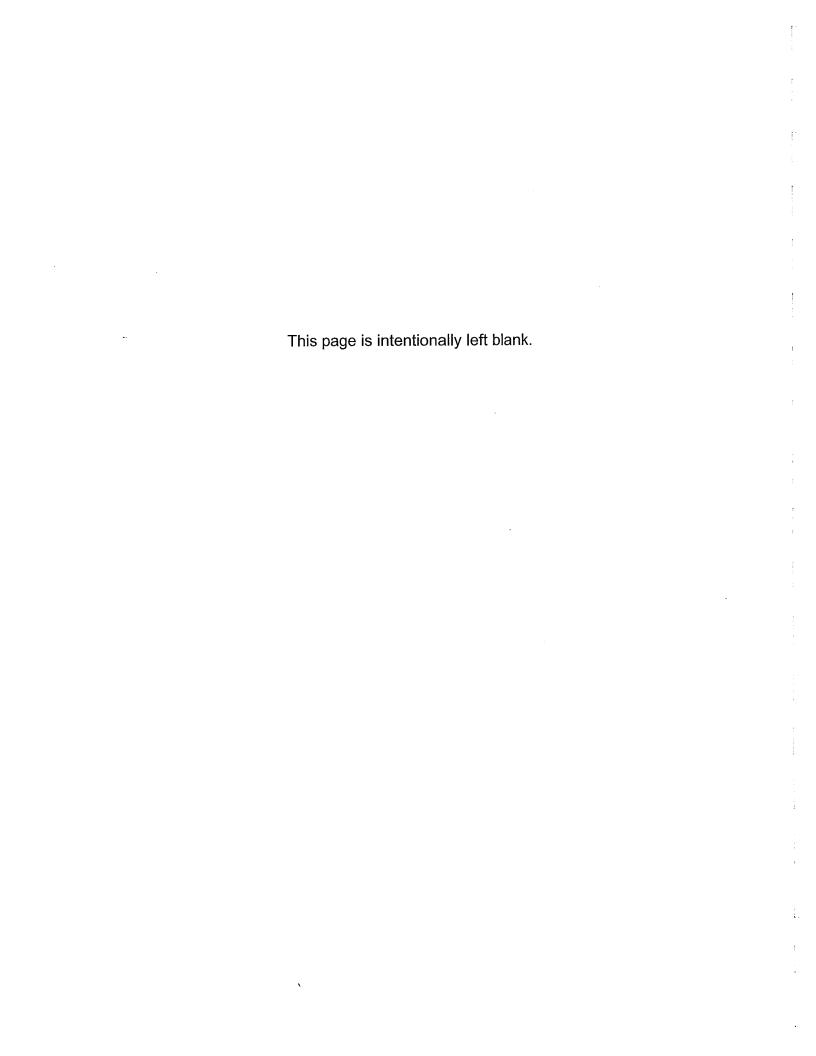
Executive Director/CEO

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART AS OF JUNE 30, 2019



GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS 2019

Member Town		Representation/Director	Primary Occupation	Committee Assignment
Bloomfield	1	Joan Gamble	Artist/Community Volunteer	Nominating
East Hartford	2	Marilyn Pet Vacant	Attorney	
East Windsor	1	Gilbert Hayes	Community Volunteer	Transportation
Enfield	2	Stephen F. Mitchell Kevin Mooney	Engineer Financial Services	
Farmington	2	Kathleen Eagen Laurel Grow	Town Manager	
Granby	1	Mark W. Lockwood	Businessman	
Hartford	4	Jennifer Cassidy Frank Lord Kevin McKernan Vacant	Community Volunteer Community Volunteer	Transportation Personnel
Manchester	2	James R. McCavanagh Paul McNamara	Real Estate Businessman	Nominating
Newington	2	John M. Kelly William G. Hall	Attorney Community Volunteer	Personnel, Nominating
Rocky Hill	1	Kenneth D. Goldberg	Consultant	
Simsbury	1	Ferguson R. Jansen	Business Executive	Personnel
South Windsor	2	Gary S. Pitcock Vacant	Businessman	
Vernon	2	Mary A. Oliver Vacant	Financial Services	Audit
West Hartford	2	Laura Cordes A. David Giordano	Businessman	Audit, Personnel
Wethersfield	2	Brendan T. Flynn Peter Gardow	Attorney Engineer	Audit
Windsor	2	Ricardo Quintero David Raney	Community Volunteer Educator	Nominating
Executive Director Vicki L. Shotland				
Officers June 30, 2019				
Chairman Vice Chairman Secretary Assistant Secretary Treasurer Assistant Treasurer		Stephen F. Mitchell Frank Lord James R. McCavanagh Peter J. Bonzani Brendan T. Flynn Mary A. Oliver		



FINANCIAL SECTION



29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 Tel 860.561.4000

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors Greater Hartford Transit District Hartford, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Greater Hartford Transit District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Greater Hartford Transit District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Greater Hartford Transit District as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the OPEB schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Greater Hartford Transit District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining special revenue fund schedule and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining special revenue fund schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining special revenue fund schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

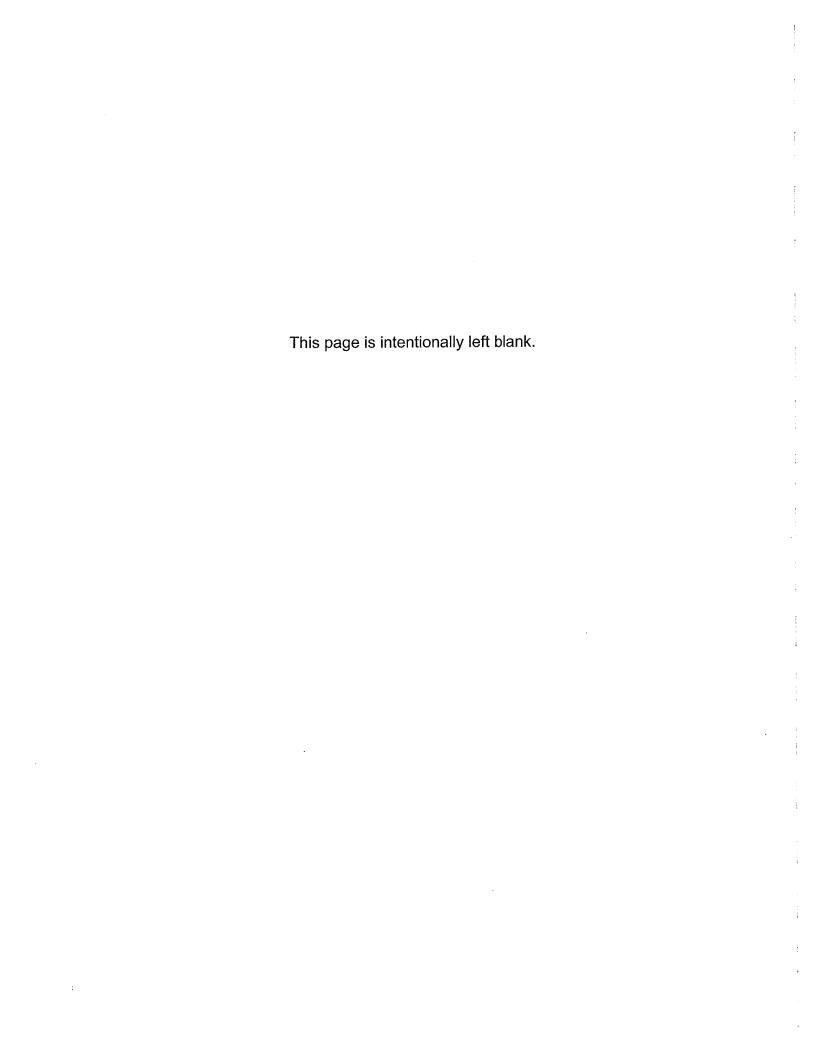
The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2019 on our consideration of the Greater Hartford Transit District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greater Hartford Transit District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Greater Hartford Transit District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 13, 2019

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.



GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

The management of the Greater Hartford Transit District (the District) offers readers this narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of June 30, 2019, the District's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$28,505,247 and \$10,495,512 for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively.
- At the end of fiscal year 2019, the District's total net position decreased by \$690,180: governmental activities decreased by \$2,555,777 and business-type activities increased by \$1,865,597.
- At the close of fiscal year 2019, the District's governmental funds, which includes General and Special Revenue Funds, reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,123,839, an increase of \$159,966 in comparison to fiscal year 2018. Of which, \$937,067 represents unassigned fund balance for the General Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include purchased transportation, transportation projects and general administration. The business-type activities of the District include a transportation center and a public parking lot.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains two individual funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-17 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains three enterprise-type funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its transportation center, public and private, and for its parking lot.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the three enterprise funds which are considered to be major funds of the District.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-33 of this report.

Other Information

Supplemental, combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 35-36 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$39,000,759 as of June 30, 2019.

By far, the largest portion of the District's assets is its investment in capital assets (e.g., buildings, transportation vehicles and equipment). It is presented in the statement of net position less any related debt used to acquire those assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	Governi Activ		Business Activit	• •	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Current and other assets \$ Capital assets, net of	8,439,892 \$	10,785,521 \$	1,700,309 \$	1,579,563 \$	10,140,201 \$	12,365,084		
accumulated depreciation	27,924,147	30,651,340	9,213,704	7,668,369	37,137,851	38,319,709		
Total assets	36,364,039	41,436,861	10,914,013	9,247,932	47,278,052	50,684,793		
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	7,316,053	9,821,648	342,796	540,960	7,658,849	10,362,608		
outstanding	542,739	554,189	75,705	77,057	618,444	631,246		
Total liabilities	7,858,792	10,375,837	418,501	618,017	8,277,293	10,993,854		
Net position Net investment in capital assets	27,924,147	30,651,340	9,213,704	7,668,369	37,137,851	38,319,709		
Unrestricted	581,100	409,684	1,281,808	961,546	1,862,908	1,371,230		
Total Net Position \$	28,505,247 \$	31,061,024 \$	10,495,512 \$	8,629,915 \$	39,000,759 \$	39,690,939		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	Governmental Activities					Busine Act	ess- iviti			Total				
		2019		2018	_	2019		2018		2019		2018		
Revenues:			-		_		_		-					
Program revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	143,416	\$	158,952	\$	1,583,582	\$	1,472,042	\$	1,726,998	\$	1,630,994		
Operating grants and														
contributions		21,990,444		21,030,462						21,990,444		21,030,462		
Capital grants and														
contributions		2,585,559		6,478,321		2,216,378		703,112		4,801,937		7,181,433		
General revenues:														
Member Town contribution		95,175		68,855						95,175		68,855		
Miscellaneous		871		9,935						871		9,935		
Unrestricted investment														
earnings		118,868		38,598	_		_		_	118,868	_	38,598		
Total revenues	_	24,934,333	-	27,785,123	_	3,799,960	-	2,175,154		28,734,293	-	29,960,277		
Expenses:														
Purchased transportation		21,322,741		19,661,907						21,322,741		19,661,907		
Transit projects .		2,978,879		3,354,110						2,978,879		3,354,110		
Insurance consortium		3,188,490		3,865,643						3,188,490		3,865,643		
Transportation center						1,722,901		1,653,695		1,722,901		1,653,695		
Parking lot						211,462	_	188,768	_	211,462	_	188,768		
Total expenses	_	27,490,110	-	26,881,660	_	1,934,363	_	1,842,463	_	29,424,473		28,724,123		
Change in net position		(2,555,777)		903,463		1,865,597		332,691		(690,180)		1,236,154		
Net position at beginning of year		31,061,024	-	30,157,561	_	8,629,915	-	8,297,224	_	39,690,939	_	38,454,785		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	28,505,247	\$	31,061,024	\$_	10,495,512	\$ _	8,629,915	\$_	39,000,759	\$ =	39,690,939		

The District's total net position decreased by \$690,180 during the current fiscal year with net position of governmental activities decreasing by \$2,555,777 and business-type activities increasing by \$1,865,597. The fluctuations in the District's total net positions are primarily the results of capital grant-funded transit projects and depreciation expenses.

Governmental Activities

Approximately 98.6% of the revenues were derived from operating and capital grants and contributions. Key elements are as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$959,982 during fiscal year 2019 from fiscal year 2018. The fiscal year 2019 increase is primarily due to an increase in paratransit operations which is partially offset by decreased Insurance Consortium cash claims.
- ➤ Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$3,892,762 during fiscal year 2019 from the prior fiscal year. This occurs primarily due to the completion of the ADA Paratransit Maintenance and Operations Facility and Transportation Improvements Generating Economic Recovery (TIGER) projects, which is partially offset by construction activities for the New Britain Beehive Bridge Project. In addition, the number of vehicles delivered and accepted during fiscal year 2019 was less than the prior fiscal year.

Business-Type Activities

During fiscal year 2019, Charges for Services (rental income and parking fees) account for 41.7% of Business-Type total revenues. Capital grants and contributions make up another 58.3%. The following discusses the major change during the current fiscal year:

➤ Capital grants and contributions increased by 215% or \$1,513,266 from fiscal year 2018. This increase reflects capital grant funding for various Union Station improvements and an installation of a new parking access and revenue control system.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of June 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds (General Fund and Special Revenue Funds) reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,123,839, an increase of \$159,966 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily a result of interest earned and member towns dues generated by the General Fund; partially offset by professional services and administrative costs incurred within the same fund during fiscal year 2019.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the fiscal year 2019, the General Fund total fund balance was \$1,123,839. Of which, \$937,067 was unassigned.

The Special Revenue Fund has a fund balance of zero at the end of the year, showing no change from the prior year.

Proprietary Funds

The District's proprietary funds, which include Public and Private Transportation Funds and Parking Lot Fund, provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. Overall, proprietary fund net position totaled \$10,495,512 at the end of fiscal year 2019:

- ➤ Public Transportation Center Fund Total net position was \$6,718,113. Of which, \$2,815,875 was reported as unrestricted net position or 41.9% of the total net position.
- ➤ Private Transportation Center Fund Total net position and unrestricted net position deficiency were \$832,056 and (\$4,157,581), respectively.
- ➤ Parking Lot Fund Total net position was \$2,945,343. Of which, \$2,623,514 was reported as unrestricted net position or 89.1% of the total net position.

The total increase in net position for all three funds was \$1,865,597. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds are addressed in the discussion of the District's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budget revenues and transfers increased by \$18,963 or 9.7% between the original budget and the final amended budget. This increase was primarily due to a combination of higher interest earnings and member towns dues less the impact on the accounting for disposed vehicle revenue, which is recorded on the balance sheet rather than General Fund revenue, and will be used to purchase transit assets.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$27,924,147 and \$9,213,704, respectively. This investment in capital assets included buildings, transportation vehicles, equipment and the parking lot. The District's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$1,181,858 for fiscal year 2019. This decrease is due to depreciation expense and the write-off of various assets; partially offset by building improvements plus vehicle and equipment purchases.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction of Bushnell Park North and Asylum/Pearl/Statehouse square was completed.
- Both Phase I and Phase II construction activities for the Brownstone Masonry Repair project at Union Station were completed. Work included masonry repairs, waterproofing, removing of loose stone and redressing stone surfaces, repointing mortar joints, removing vegetation, resetting coping stones on gables, structurally securing stone, installing flashing, cleaning downleaders, cleaning brownstone, etc.
- The Spruce Street Canopy project which includes scraping, painting, replacing gutters, and new LED lighting was 90% complete during the fiscal year.
- Upgraded the existing telephone communications system at the District Offices.
- State of Good Repair activities were performed in one of the leasehold spaces on the 3rd floor of Union Station.
- Construction activities for the New Britain Beehive Bridge Project continued during the course of the fiscal year. FTA funds were specifically designated for the multimodal connectivity initiative.
- Transit Enhancement funds assisted in the repairs to shelters in Bloomfield, Wethersfield, Windsor Locks and South Windsor.
- 8 new replacement paratransit vehicles were procured for the ADA Paratransit service.
- Purchased 177 Digital radios for the ADA Paratransit Vehicles.
- Procured purchase order software to enhance the Sage accounting system.
- Installation of the new parking access and revenue control system.
- Procured and installed two new accessible wheelchair lifts on the third floor of Hartford Union Station.

CAPITAL ASSETS, Net of Depreciation JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

			ernm ctiviti	ental ies	Business-Type Activities				T	rotal .		
	-	2019		2018		2019	2018	<u> </u>	2019		2018	
Construction in progress	\$	264,847	\$	2,073,081	\$	2,008,018 \$	1,035,972	\$	2,272,865	\$	3,109,053	
Land		1,403,248		1,403,248		300,000	300,000		1,703,248		1,703,248	
Buildings and												
improvements		21,636,097		20,609,184		6,532,335	6,064,857		28,168,432		26,674,041	
Parking lot						153,496	176,989		153,496		176,989	
Equipment	_	4,619,955		6,565,827		219,855	90,551	_	4,839,810		6,656,378	
Total	\$	27,924,147	\$	30,651,340	\$	9,213,704 \$	7,668,369	\$	37,137,851	\$	38,319,709	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on pages 27-28 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

The District's debt consists of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and termination benefits.

	Gove Act	rnm iviti			Busine Act	ss-ī tivit			Total				
	2019		2018		2019		2018	_	2019	-	2018		
OPEB Termination benefit	\$ 439,239 103,500	\$ 	450,689 103,500	\$_	75,705	\$ 	77,057	\$ 	514,944 103,500	\$ _	527,746 103,500		
Total	\$ 542,739	\$_	554,189	\$_	75,705	\$_	77,057	\$_	618,444	\$_	631,246		

As of June 30, 2019, the District's governmental and business-type activities reported \$514,944 and \$103,500 in OPEB liabilities and termination benefits, respectively, a decrease of \$12,802 from fiscal year 2018. Included in this analysis is the restatement of the beginning OPEB liability due to the implementation of GASB Standard No. 75. More detailed information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E of the District's financial statements.

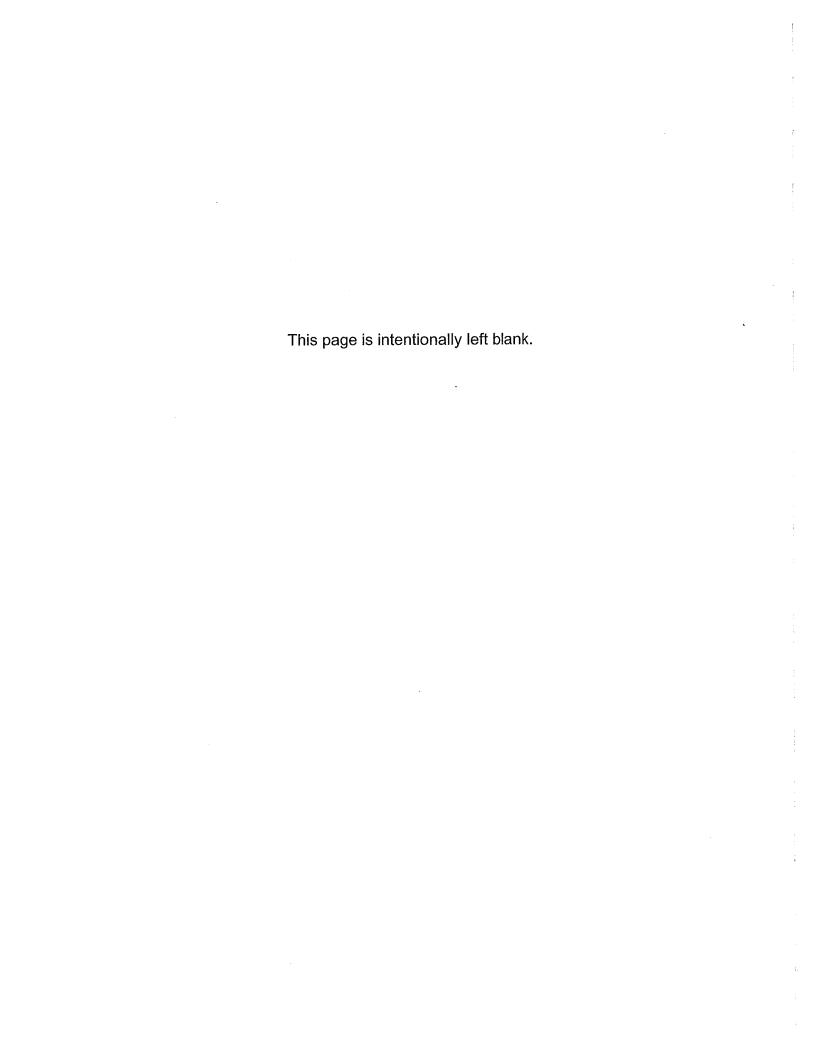
Economic Factors

Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices. This factor was considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

During fiscal year 2019, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$937,067.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Greater Hartford Transit District, Attention: Director of Fiscal and Administrative Services, One Union Place, Hartford, CT 06103.



GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	_	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,413,708	\$		\$	7,413,708
Receivables:						
Federal grants		139,472		62,651		202,123
State grants		2,097,307		171,499		2,268,806
Local agencies		6,280				6,280
Other		27,018		86,709		113,727
Internal balances		(1,360,365)		1,360,365		-
Other assets		116,472		19,085		135,557
Capital assets, nondepreciable		1,668,095		2,308,018		3,976,113
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	26,256,052		6,905,686	_	33,161,738
Total assets	_	36,364,039		10,914,013	_	47,278,052
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		6,868,411		308,189		7,176,600
Payable to local agencies		1,392		,		1,392
Unearned revenue		446,250		34,607		480,857
Noncurrent liabilities:		·		,		
Due within one year		81,000				81,000
Due in more than one year		461,739		75,705		537,444
Total liabilities	_	7,858,792		418,501		8,277,293
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		27,924,147		9,213,704		37,137,851
Unrestricted		581,100		9,213,704 1,281,808		1,862,908
Onestricted		301,100	-	1,201,000	_	1,002,800
Total Net Position	\$_	28,505,247	\$ _	10,495,512	\$_	39,000,759

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program Revenues	S	Net R Cha	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position) and ion
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	÷
Function/Program Activities	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities: Purchased transportation Insurance consortium Transit projects Total governmental activities	\$ 21,322,741 3,188,490 2,978,879 27,490,110	\$ 143,416	\$ 18,416,352 3,188,465 385,627 21,990,444	\$ 2,585,559 2,585,559	\$ (2,762,973) (25) (7,693) (2,770,691)	σ 1	\$ (2,762,973) (25) (7,693) (2,770,691)
Business-type activities: Transportation center Parking lot Total business-type activities	1,722,901 211,462 1,934,363	1,170,409 413,173 1,583,582		2,064,363 152,015 2,216,378		1,511,871 353,726 1,865,597	1,511,871 353,726 1,865,597
Total	\$ 29,424,473 \$ 1,726,998	\$ 1,726,998	\$ 21,990,444	\$ 4,801,937	(2,770,691)	1,865,597	(902,094)
	General revenues: Member town o Unrestricted inv Miscellaneous i Total genera	neral revenues: Member town contributions Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous income Total general revenues	rnings		95,175 118,868 871 214,914		95,175 118,868 871 214,914
	Change in Net Position	t Position			(2,555,777)	1,865,597	(690,180)
	Net Position a	Net Position at Beginning of Year Net Position at Fnd of Year	ear		31,061,024	8,629,915	39,690,939
						II.	11

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS		General		Special Revenue		Total Governmental Funds
AGGETO						
Cash and cash equivalents Federal grants receivable State grants receivable Receivable from local agencies Other receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures	\$	7,413,708 27,018 4,092,847 116,472	\$	139,472 2,097,307 6,280 5,000,502	\$	7,413,708 139,472 2,097,307 6,280 27,018 9,093,349 116,472
Total Assets	\$	11,650,045	 \$	7,243,561	· - \$	18,893,606
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Payable to local agencies Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 	72,492 10,453,714 10,526,206	, \$ 	6,795,919 1,392 446,250 7,243,561	\$	6,868,411 1,392 10,453,714 446,250 17,769,767
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Assigned for termination		116,472				116,472
benefits (see Note 4) Unassigned Total fund balances	_ _	70,300 937,067 1,123,839	. <u>-</u>	-	-	70,300 937,067 1,123,839
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	11,650,045	\$_	7,243,561	\$_	18,893,606

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of ne position (page 11) are different because of the following:	t			
Fund balances - total governmental funds (page 13)			\$	1,123,839
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ _	46,840,223 (18,916,076)		27,924,147
Liability for other postemployment benefits is not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	е		_	(542,739)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (page 11)			\$_	28,505,247

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General	_	Special Revenue		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Federal grants	\$		\$	2,066,394	\$	2,066,394
State grants				22,033,149		22,033,149
Contributions from member towns	•	95,175				95,175
Local share				332,806		332,806
Private local share				90,638		90,638
Interest income		118,868				118,868
Cash fares/Charter fees				143,416		143,416
Other revenue		871		53,016		53,887
Total revenues		214,914	_	24,719,419		24,934,333
Expenditures: Current:						
Project administration		29,289		1,781,114		1,810,403
Professional services		23,111		787,306		810,417
Purchased transportation				16,895,581		16,895,581
Insurance and claims				2,883,096		2,883,096
Capital outlay - tangible transit property				2,372,675		2,372,675
Capital outlay - other property		2,195		, ,		2,195
Total expenditures		54,595		24,719,772	-	24,774,367
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		160,319	Louvin	(353)		159,966
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		1		354		355
Transfers out		(354)		(1)		(355)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(353)		353	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		159,966		-		159,966
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		963,873			_	963,873
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	1,123,839	\$		\$_	1,123,839

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 12) are different due to the following:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 15)	\$	159,966
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense		760,522 (3,409,204)
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on disposal of capital assets. This amount represents disposal of capital assets		(78,511)
Governmental funds report other postemployment benefit costs when paid. In the statement of activities, other postemployment benefits costs are recognized when earned by employees.	_	11,450
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (page 12)	\$ =	(2,555,777)

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) GENERAL AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Gen	Seneral Fund			Special	Special Revenue Fund	
	otopo	Budgeted Amounte		Variance with Final Budget -	7			Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original Fin	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Federal grants	₩	↔	↔	₽	\$ 3,915,035	\$ 2,066,394	\$ 2.066.394	· •
State grants Contributions from member towns	89,226	95,175	95,175	, ,		(1	22,033,149	
Local/private share Interest income	31,200	118,868	118,868	. ,	320,317	423,444	423,444	
Fares Sales/misc. other receipts	75,555	871	871	1 1	176,999	143,416 53,016	143,416 53.016	1 1
Total revenues	195,981	214,914	214,914		26,169,536	24,719,419	24,719,419	1
Expenditures: Current:	000	6						
Project administration Professional services FTA/State/GHTD	43,726 10,000	23,111	29,289 23,111		1,540,799 816,772	1,781,114 787,306	1,781,114 787,306	1 1
transportation projects Capital outlay		2,195	2.195	1 1	23,811,965	19,778,677	19,778,677	1 1
Total expenditures	53,726	54,595	54,595		26,169,536	24,719,772	24,719,772	1 1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	142,255	160,319	160,319		1	(353)	(353)	1
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		- (£ ;	•		354	354	1
ransiers out Total other financing sources (uses)	1	(353)	(353)	t I		353	353	8 1
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 142,255	\$ 159,966	159,966	·	€	\$	•	۱ د
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			963,873				•	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 1,123,839				·	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		Bus	ine	ss-Type Activ	ities	s - Enterprise	ınds	
	-	Transport	on Center		Parking			
	-	Public	•	Private	-	Lot	_	Total
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Federal grants receivable	\$	2,320	\$	60,331	\$		\$	62,651
State grants receivable		14,823		156,676				171,499
Other receivables		17,841		30,427		38,441		86,709
Due from other funds		2,851,163				2,602,049		5,453,212
Other assets	_	13,107		5,857	_	121		19,085
Total current assets		2,899,254		253,291		2,640,611		5,793,156
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets, net of								
accumulated depreciation		3,902,238		4,989,637	_	321,829	-	9,213,704
Total assets	-	6,801,492		5,242,928	_	2,962,440	-	15,006,860
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		23,683		267,409		17,097		308,189
Due to other funds				4,092,847				4,092,847
Unearned revenue	_	17,732		16,875	_			34,607
Total current liabilities		41,415		4,377,131		17,097		4,435,643
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Other postemployment benefits	_	41,964		33,741	_		. <u>-</u>	75,705
Total liabilities	-	83,379		4,410,872	_	17,097	. <u>-</u>	4,511,348
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		3,902,238		4,989,637		321,829		9,213,704
Unrestricted	_	2,815,875		(4,157,581)	_	2,623,514		1,281,808
Total Net Position	\$_	6,718,113	\$	832,056	\$_	2,945,343	\$ ₌	10,495,512

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
		Transpor	tati	on Center		Parking				
		Public		Private		Lot		Total		
Operating Revenues:										
Rental income	\$	415,112	\$	723,192	\$		\$	1,138,304		
Parking fees		600				413,173		413,773		
Other	_	31,505						31,505		
Total operating revenues		447,217	-	723,192	_	413,173	-	1,583,582		
Operating Expenses:										
Professional services		121,281		381,055		87,566		589,902		
Overhead		220,665		495,858		69,370		785,893		
Capital outlay		24,588		28,936				53,524		
Depreciation		240,531		209,987		54,526		505,044		
Total operating expenses	_	607,065	_	1,115,836	_	211,462	_	1,934,363		
Operating Income (Loss)	_	(159,848)	-	(392,644)	_	201,711	_	(350,781)		
Capital Contributions:										
Federal		42,553		1,579,383		121,612		1,743,548		
State		47,341		395,086		30,403		472,830		
Total capital contributions	_	89,894	-	1,974,469	_	152,015	_	2,216,378		
Change in Net Position		(69,954)		1,581,825		353,726		1,865,597		
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	6,788,067	_	(749,769)		2,591,617	_	8,629,915		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	6,718,113	\$_	832,056	\$_	2,945,343	\$_	10,495,512		

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Transportation Center				Parking			
	_	Public		Private	_	Lot	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	430,443	\$	732,752	\$	413,173	1,576,	368
Payments for interfund services provided	•	,	•	57,464	•		57,	464
Payments for interfund services used		(117,092)				(252,315)	(369,	407)
Payments to suppliers		(359,116)		(1,009,007)		(138,538)	(1,506,	661)
Payments to employees		(48,752)		(42,127)		(14,772)	(105,	651 <u>)</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	(94,517)		(260,918)	_	7,548	(347,	887)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Receipts from federal and state grants		128,590		2,141,419		128,257	2,398,	
Purchase of capital assets		(34,073)		(1,880,501)	_	(135,805)	(2,050,	379)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related								
financing activities	_	94,517		260,918	_	(7,548)	347,	887
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-		-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		-			_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	-	\$.		\$_		S	-
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(159,848)	\$.	(392,644)	\$_	201,711	(350,	781 <u>)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		240,531		209,987		54,526	505,	044
Change in assets and liabilities:						(050.045)	(0.00	407)
(Increase) decrease in amounts due from other funds		(117,092)		0.710		(252,315)	(369,	
(Increase) decrease in other assets		682		8,748		(121)		309 464)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(53,080)		(148,831)		3,747	(198,	464
Increase (decrease) in amounts due to other funds		(= 740)		57,464				352)
Increase (decrease) in other postemployment benefits liability	_	(5,710)	٠.	4,358	-	(404.462)		894
Total adjustments	-	65,331		131,726	-	(194,163)		034
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	(94,517)	\$	(260,918)	\$_	7,548	(347,	887)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities	\$_	38,696	\$	166,950	\$_	(23,758)	181,	888

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Greater Hartford Transit District (the District) is a regional governmental unit formed under the provisions of Chapter 103a of the Connecticut General Statutes. The District currently serves sixteen member towns: Bloomfield, East Hartford, East Windsor, Enfield, Farmington, Granby, Hartford, Manchester, Newington, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, South Windsor, Vernon, West Hartford, Wethersfield and Windsor. Each member town appoints one to four Directors, according to population, who collectively form the Board of Directors, which is the policy-making body of the District. The day-to-day affairs of the District are managed by the Executive Director and her staff.

The District has broad powers to acquire, operate, finance, plan, develop, maintain and otherwise provide all forms of land transportation and related services including the development or renewal of transportation centers and parking facilities. It also has the power to issue revenue and general obligation bonds, although it has no power to levy taxes.

The District also serves as a pass-through entity for federal, state and private grants for the purpose of acquiring transportation equipment and providing transportation services.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, all organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations, which by the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units requiring inclusion in these financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by member town contributions and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available as net current assets. Nongrant revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Federal and state grant revenues are considered to be available when eligible expenses have been incurred under the grants. All sources of revenue except interest become measurable when the District has rendered a service. Interest revenue is measurable when its rate becomes known.

Federal and state grants, member town contributions, local share, fares and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The major source of revenue for this fund is governmental grants.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Transportation Center - Public and Private funds are used to account for operation and maintenance of the public and private portions, respectively, of the Union Station facility.

The *Parking Lot* is used to account for operation and maintenance of the parking lot adjacent to Union Station.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

C. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all savings, checking and money market accounts with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment	7 years
Parking lot	20 years
Buildings and improvements	30 years
Passenger vans	4 years
Buses	12 years
Office equipment	5 years
Radios	5 years
ADA/DAR computer system	5 years
Company vehicles	5 years
Land and Union Station Transportation Center	40 years
Renovations of Union Station Transportation Center	40 years

E. Total Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Liability

The total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year and no later than the end of the current fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

F. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Pay and Other Employee Benefit Amounts

Accumulated unpaid vacation, sick pay and other employee benefit amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements (using the accrual basis of accounting). Such amounts are accrued in governmental funds (using the modified accrual basis of accounting) only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Employees retiring after attaining the age of 62 with 10 years of service prior to retirement shall be eligible for payment at current pay rate up to ten days of accrued sick leave not taken. Accrued sick leave liability for eligible employees is recognized in the District's government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The District does not have a carryover vacation policy. Therefore, no liability for vacation has been recognized in the District's financial statements.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

H. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Unrestricted

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets"

Equity in the governmental fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts). There is currently \$116,472 in nonspendable fund balance for the District.

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments. There is currently no restricted fund balance for the District.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (the District's Board of Directors). The Board of Directors may commit resources by resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation. There is currently no committed fund balance for the District.

Assigned Fund Balance

For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, this represents any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. For the General Fund, this includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Board of Directors. There is \$70,300 of assigned fund balance at June 30, 2019.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance. There is \$937,067 of unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2019.

I. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

During the last quarter of the fiscal year, the ensuing year's proposed operating budget, including proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, is compiled and prepared by the Executive Director. A public hearing is held on the budget. The proposed operating budget is then published in line item format in one or more local newspapers servicing the District and is submitted to the Board of Directors for acceptance and adoption.

The Executive Director has the authority to transfer budgeted amounts between published line items (object class: project administration, professional services, FTA/State/GHTD transportation projects and contingency); however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures plus transfers of a fund must have the prior approval of the District Board and are subject to public hearing.

A budget is adopted for the General and Special Revenue Funds on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Appropriations are classified by object classes. Due to the nature and size of the organization, no breakdown by function or activity is made. The budget for the Special Revenue Fund is adopted on a generic basis for the fund as a whole rather than for the individual projects. Encumbrance accounting is not employed by the District because it is not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Appropriations for all expenditures lapse at year end.

A budget is adopted for the Enterprise Funds on the accrual basis, except for debt principal and capital improvements, which are budgeted for on a cash basis.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The following is a summary of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019:

Deposits: Demand accounts Money market accounts Total deposits	\$ —	158,699 4,769 163,468
Petty cash		1,003
Cash equivalent: State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)		7,249,237
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,413,708

No cash or cash equivalents have maturity periods as all are available for immediate withdrawal.

Interest Rate Risk

The District is not subject to interest rate risk as all cash and cash equivalents maintain their dollar unit value and are not subject to declines in value.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's or P-1 by Moody's Investor Service, the State Treasurer's investment pool and certain other pooled investments, including the MBIA Class Plus Investment. The District does not have a policy relating to the credit risk of investments. As of June 30, 2019, the District's cash equivalent amounted to \$7,249,237 held in STIF, which was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy does not limit the investment in any one investment vehicle.

Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this represents the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, \$548,619 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows: \$254,769 was insured, \$46,867 was uninsured, with collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the District's name, and \$246,983 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk of an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the District or that sells investments to or buys them for the District), the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments. At June 30, 2019, the District had no uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent that were not in the District's name.

B. Receivables

Receivables consist of grants receivable from the federal government and State of Connecticut, and amounts due from local agencies for services provided. Based on historical experience, management believes these receivables are fully collectible and, therefore, has not provided for an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 2,073,081	\$	\$ 1,808,234 \$	264,847
Land	1,403,248			1,403,248
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,476,329		1,808,234	1,668,095
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	30,547,563	1,832,936		32,380,499
Equipment	14,242,339	735,820	2,186,530	<u>1</u> 2,791,629
Total capital assets being depreciated	44,789,902	2,568,756	2,186,530	45,172,128
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	9,938,379	806,023		10,744,402
Equipment	7,676,512	2,603,181	2,108,019	8,171,674
Total accumulated depreciation	17,614,891	3,409,204	2,108,019	18,916,076
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	27,175,011	(840,448)	78,511	26,256,052
On the second of Authorities On the Authorities of		A (0.10.1.10)		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 30,651,340	\$ (840,448)	\$ <u>1,886,745</u> \$	27,924,147

	Beginning Balance	Increases/ Transfers	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 1,035,972 \$	1,597,675	\$ 625,629	_,,-
Land	300,000			300,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,335,972	1,597,675	625,629	2,308,018
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	16,357,544	911,080		17,268,624
Parking lot	1,118,921			1,118,921
Equipment	230,290	167,253		397,543
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,706,755	1,078,333	-	18,785,088
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	10,292,687	443,602		10,736,289
Parking lot	941,932	23,493		965,425
Equipment	139,739	37,949		177,688
Total accumulated depreciation	11,374,358	505,044	-	11,879,402
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	6,332,397	573,289		6,905,686
Business-Type Capital Assets, Net	\$\$	2,170,964	\$625,629_\$	9,213,704

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities: Purchased transportation Transit projects General administration	\$	2,611,654 709,928 87,622
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ _	3,409,204
Business-type activities: Transportation Center Parking Lot	\$	450,518 54,526
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$_	505,044

D. Individual Fund Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Transportation Center - Private	\$	4,092,847
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund		5,000,502
Transportation Center - Public	General Fund		2,851,163
Parking Lot	General Fund	_	2,602,049
-			44.540.504
Total		\$ _	14,546,561

Interfund receivable/payable balances are the result of pooled cash and investments, which are reported in the General Fund.

Interfund transfers were as follows:

		Transfers In Special General Revenue Fund Fund To			Total	
Transfers out: General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$	1	 \$ 	354	\$	354 1
Total	\$_	1	\$_	354	\$_	355

Transfers are used primarily to fund special revenue program deficits.

E. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Other postemployment benefits Termination benefit	\$	450,689 \$ 103,500	\$	11,450 \$	439,239 \$ 103,500	81,000
Total Governmental Activities:	\$_	554,189 \$	\$	11,450 \$	542,739 \$	81,000
Business-type activities: Other postemployment benefits	\$_	77,057_\$	\$	1,352_\$	75,705_\$	-

For the governmental activities, other postemployment benefits obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

F. Lease Commitments

On December 21, 1981, the District entered into a lease agreement with the State of Connecticut for approximately 1.4 acres of land adjacent to the Union Station Transportation Center for use as a parking lot. The term of the lease commenced on January 1, 1982 and runs for 40 years. A single payment of \$300 was made at the execution of the lease, and no additional payments are due as long as the land remains under the control of the District.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees and the public; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017.

In addition, as the owner of public transportation vehicles operated in both the public and private sectors, as well as the operator of an intermodal transportation center, the District is exposed to various risks of loss related to these activities. The District requires all public and private agencies operating the vehicles to purchase appropriate commercial insurance coverage through third-party carriers and to include the District as a loss payee.

B. Leases

The District's largest tenant is Amtrak, whose annual lease payment is based on actual space costs incurred with respect to the leased property.

Minimum future rental income to be received by the District from its operating leases in effect at June 30, 2019 is \$11,847,263 assuming future rental income for Amtrak is equal to the current year amount. Scheduled rental income under the terms of the lease agreements for the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2020	\$ 953,822
2021	875,050
2022	584,816
2023	579,398
2024	587,553
Thereafter	8,266,624

Many of the leases in effect at June 30, 2019 contain an option to renew upon expiration.

The following is a summary of property leased to others as of June 30, 2019:

Cost:

Buildings and improvements \$
Less accumulated depreciation

Net Book Value \$ ____6,685,831

18,387,545

11,701,714

Depreciation expense related to property leased to others totaled \$467,095 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

C. Contingent Liabilities

The District receives grants from state and federal governments for capital projects and operating assistance. These grants are subject to audit by grantors, which could result in the disallowance of costs and resulting liabilities to grantors. The District is not aware of any such liabilities.

D. Employee Retirement Plan

The District has established the Greater Hartford Transit District Simplified Employee Pension Plan as a qualified, defined contribution retirement plan that covers substantially all employees exceeding 21 years of age. All funds contributed to the plan are deposited to individual accounts in the name of each eligible employee within a qualified financial institution. The financial institutions are responsible for the administration of the accounts. The Board of Directors authorized the establishment of the plan and can make amendments to the plan and determine contribution requirements. The District administers the plan. Required and actual contributions made by the District to the plan were \$179,403 for the year ended June 30, 2019. There were no employee contributions made during the year.

E. Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Plan (RHP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The current RHP provides medical and dental benefits to eligible retirees. During the prior fiscal year, the retirement benefits were modified to cover 50% of medical costs for 18 months following retirement from the former policy of 100% of medical cost for the employee's lifetime. Employees of the District are eligible to participate in the plan if they are at least 62 years old and have more than 10 years of service. Benefit provisions are established by the Executive Director.

The District has opted not to create a trust fund and to remain on a pay-as-you-go basis; therefore, there is no fund statement presented for the RHP on the financial statements. The District recognizes the annual insurance premiums and claims costs as expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The other postemployment benefits liability has been liquidated primarily by the special revenue fund in prior years.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2019, the date of the last actuarial valuation.

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments Active employees	2 9
Total	11

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are determined by the Executive Director. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits do not contribute towards the cost of health insurance premiums.

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$514,944 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Salary increases Discount rate Healthcare cost trend rates	3.10%3.50%, average, including inflation3.10%7.6% decreasing to 2.5% including medical, pharmacy, dental and vision
--	--

The discount rate was based on the municipal bond rate at the time of the valuation. This rate decreased from 3.83 to 3.10 as of June 30, 2019.

Mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females projected 18 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study from the U.S. Office of Personnel Management.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	3
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$ 527,746	<u>3</u>
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payments Net changes	25,225 20,846 32,409 (73,737 (17,545 (12,802	S 9 7) 5 <u>)</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$514,944	<u>L</u>

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.10%) than the current discount rate:

•			Discount		
	_19	6 Decrease	Rate	19	% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	565,356 \$	514,944	\$	471,381

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

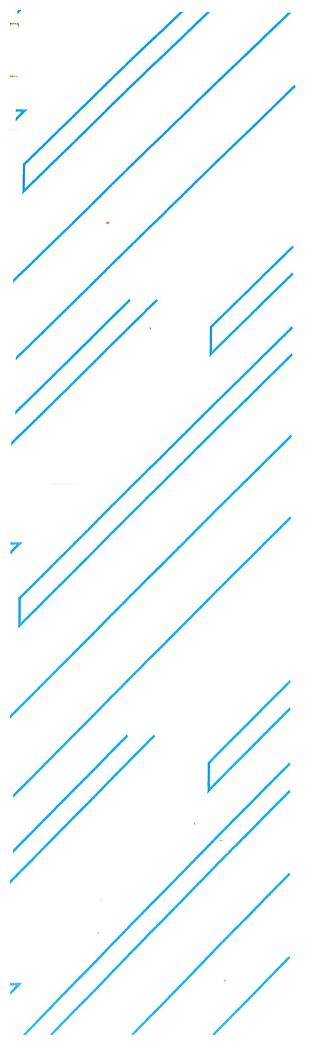
The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.6% decreasing to 1.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.6% decreasing to 3.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend		
	 1% Decrease	 Rates	- -	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 466,880	\$ 514,944	\$	569,724

F. Termination Benefit

The District entered into an agreement with an employee on November 21, 2016 to establish a termination benefit plan with a monthly benefit of \$1,500 effective January 1, 2017, ending on September 1, 2021. The total amount of the benefit of \$103,500 is reported as a long-term liability in the governmental activities opinion unit. All funds set aside for this plan are recorded as assigned fund balance in the General Fund.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

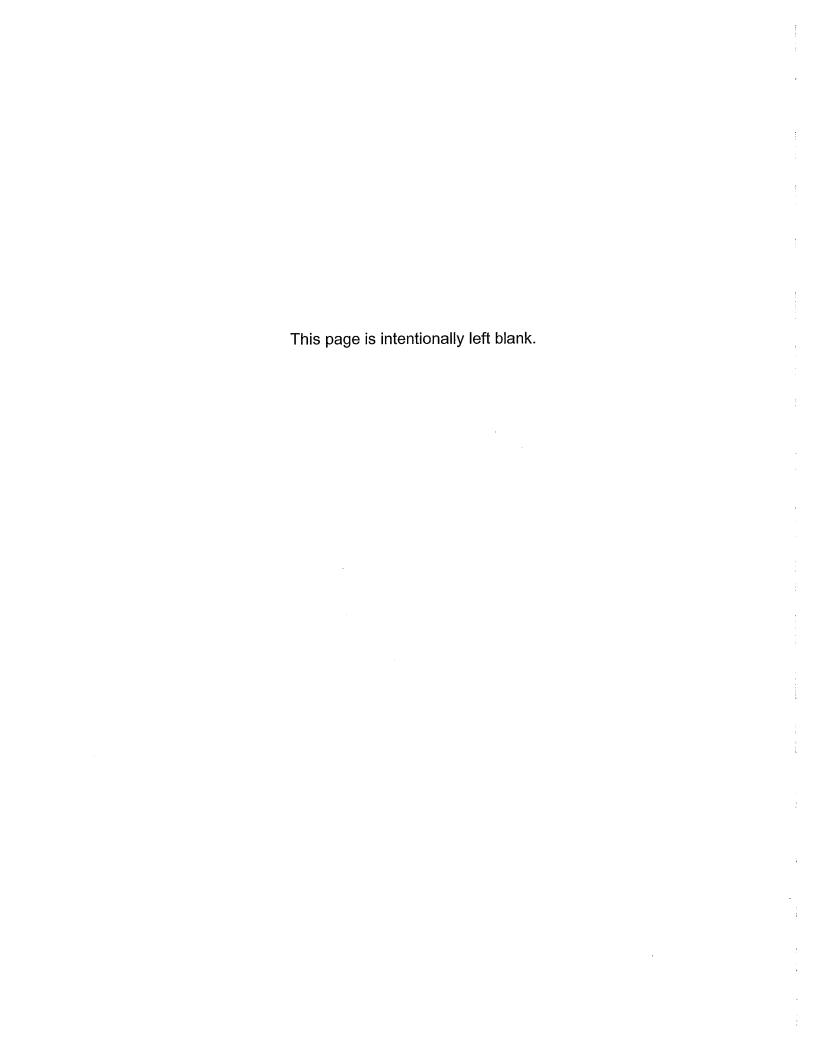
GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

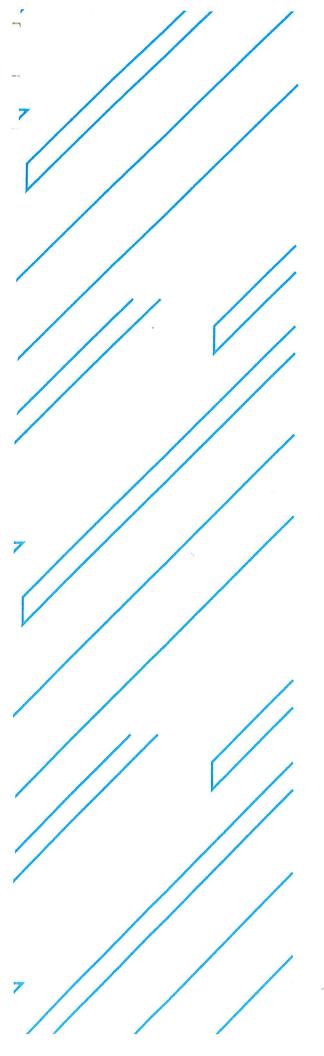
	 2018	 2019
Total OPEB liability:		
Service cost	\$ 5,232	\$ 25,225
Interest	17,104	20,846
Changes of benefit terms	207,587	32,409
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	(160,233)	(73,737)
Benefit payments	(16,980)	(17,545)
Net change in total OPEB liability	52,710	(12,802)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 475,036	 527,746
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 527,746	\$ 514,944
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 697,811	\$ 709,445
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A
N ((0 1 1 1		

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date/Measurement Date	6/30/2019
Inflation	3.10%
Salary increases	3.50%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.10%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.6% decreasing to 2.5% including medical, pharmacy, dental and vision

^{*} This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.





SUPPLEMENTAL COMBINING SCHEDULE

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

ADA Program - to account for paratransit operations in participating communities under the Americans with Disabilities Act. The program is supported by the State of Connecticut, cash fares from riders and advertising income.

Drug and Alcohol Testing Consortium - to account for the administration of a Statewide Drug and Alcohol Testing Program in accordance with FTA regulatory requirements, covering nearly 37 locations and 2,259 employees. The program is supported 100% by the State of Connecticut.

Municipal DAR Grants - to account for municipal operating assistance provided by the State of Connecticut to the District, which administers the program and passes through the funds to local towns and agencies.

Buses, Equipment and Property - to account for the purchase of handicapped-accessible buses, administrative equipment and an operations center property used to support the ADA Paratransit Program. The program is funded 80% by FTA and 20% local match is funded by the State of Connecticut.

USTC, Sigourney Street and New Britain Livability - to account for improved pedestrian connections to Union Station that will create safe, convenient and attractive routes to the station from surrounding residential, shopping and employment districts. The program is funded 80% by FTA and 20% by the State of Connecticut.

Transportation Improvements Generating Economic Recovery (TIGER) - to account for improvements to downtown intermodal connections, including pedestrian, bike, taxi, bus, rail and air connections, through creation of intermodal hubs, transit-priority streets and Complete Green Streets.

Transit Enhancement Funding of Municipal Bus Shelters - to account for the procurement of bus shelters being installed in numerous municipalities within the Region. Single municipality shelter projects are funded 80% by the FTA and 20% local match is provided by the municipality. With regard to the Regional Bus Shelter Program, 80% is funded by FTA, 10% by benefitting municipalities and 10% by the State of Connecticut.

Statewide Transit District Insurance Consortium - to account for the administration of a Statewide Transit District Insurance Program providing Primary and Excess Automobile Liability, Collision/Physical Damage and Property Liability Insurance coverage. The program is supported 100% by the State of Connecticut.

Intermodal Centers - to account for Intermodal Center projects in the towns of Vernon, Enfield and Mansfield.

New Freedom Grant - to account for operation of a taxi voucher/debit card program for people with disabilities.

Federal Highway Program - STP Urban Grants - to account for federal surface transportation projects to enhance transportation alternatives and efficiencies on public roadways.

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BY PROJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ADA Program	Drug and Alcohol Testing Consortium	Municipal DAR Grants	Buses, Equipment and Property	USTC, Sigourney Street and New Britain Livability	Transportation Improvements Generating Economic Recovery
Revenues: Federal grants State grants Local share Private contributions Cash fares Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 17,876,223 90,638 143,416 53,016 18,163,293	\$ 385,627 \$ 385,627	359,590	741,507 \$ 185,377	1,230,004 \$ 643 306,858 1,537,505	
Expenditures: Current: Project administration Professional services Purchased transportation Insurance and claims	1,396,959 243,188 16,520,922	89,545 296,411	20,676	130,090	27,487	
Capital outlay - tangible transit property Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2,224	385,956	359,590	796,794 926,884	1,510,017	
over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses):		(329)		1	-	1
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) Net Changes in Fund Balances	1	329			(1)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	· -	·	 	'		

Continued on next page

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BY PROJECT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT

	Transit Enhancement Funding of Municipal Bus Shelters	Statewide Transit District Insurance Consortium	Intermodal Centers	New Freedom Grant	Federal Highway Program- STP Urban Grants	Total
Revenues: Federal grants State grants Local share Private contributions Cash fares Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 68,212 17,053 85,265	3,188,465	5,265 \$ 1,316	\$ 19,031 19,281 38,312	21,406 \$ 1,140 5,351	2,066,394 22,033,149 332,806 90,638 143,416 53,016 53,016
Expenditures: Current: Project administration Professional services Purchased transportation Insurance and claims Capital outlay - tangible transit property Total expenditures	25,332 59,933 85,265	57,687 247,707 2,883,096 3,188,490	6,581	35,745 2,567 38,312	26,757	1,781,114 787,306 16,895,581 2,883,096 2,372,675 24,719,772
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(25)	1	1	'	(353)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		25				354 (1) 353
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1 1	1 1	, ,		, ,	1
Fund Balance at End of Year	υ υ	φ ' 		\$ 	မ -	1

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Greater Hartford Transit District's comprehensive annual report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	37-43
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	44-45
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant revenue source, federal and state grants.	
Debt Capacity	46-47
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	48-49
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	50-52
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					YEAR ENDE	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,683,448	9,683,448 \$ 9,351,334 \$	7,704,596 \$	8,243,306 \$	8,725,687 \$	9,272,928	9,272,928 \$ 15,264,885 \$	\$ 29,773,817 \$	30,651,340	\$ 27,924,147
Restricted for insurance program. Unrestricted	595,155	922,831	902,827	65,198	(114,030)	(236,451)	(216,935)	(286,026)	409,684	581,100
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 10,578,603	\$ 10,578,603 \$ 10,274,165 \$	8,607,423 \$	8,308,504 \$	8,611,657 \$	9,036,477 \$	15,047,950	\$ 29,487,791	\$ 31,061,024	\$ 28,505,247
Business-Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 3,482,159 (624,945)	3,482,159 \$ 3,722,321 \$ (624,945) (648,612)	4,821,451 \$ (708,450)	5,332,683 \$ (620,748)	8,846,685 \$ (534,616)	8,391,100 \$ (202,158)	\$ 7,892,145 \$ 295,249	\$ 7,698,032	\$ 7,668,369 961,546	\$ 9,213,704
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 2,857,214	\$ 2,857,214 \$ 3,073,709 \$	\$ 4,113,001 \$	- 11	4,711,935 \$ 8,312,069 \$ 8,188,942 \$	8,188,942 \$	\$ 8,187,394 \$	8,233,537	\$ 8,629,915	8,629,915 \$ 10,495,512
Primary Government: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 13,165,607	13,165,607 \$ 13,073,655 \$	12,526,047 \$	12,526,047 \$ 13,575,989 \$ 17,572,372 \$ 17,664,028 \$ 23,157,030	17,572,372 \$	17,664,028	\$ 23,157,030 \$	\$ 37,471,849	\$ 37,471,849 \$ 38,319,709 \$	\$ 37,137,851
Newtricted Insurance program. Unrestricted	(29,790)	274,219	194,377	(555,550)	(648,646)	(438,609)	78,314	249,479	1,371,230	1,862,908
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 13,435,817	\$ 13,435,817 \$ 13,347,874 \$	12,720,424 \$	12,720,424 \$ 13,020,439 \$ 16,923,726 \$ 17,225,419 \$ 23,235,344	16,923,726 \$	17,225,419	\$ 23,235,344 (\$ 37,721,328	\$ 39,690,939	\$ 39,000,759

						YEAR ENDED JUNE 30) JUNE 30				
	1	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses: Governmental activities:											
Purchased transportation	69	11,893,465 \$	₹	13,530,050 \$	14,530,669 \$	_	16,912,580 \$	18,193,141 \$	17,549,848 \$	19,661,907 \$	21,322,741
Insurance consortium		3,005,480	2,104,265	3,655,151	3,087,661	3,645,454	3,526,919	3,411,998	3,135,218	3,865,643	3,188,490
Transit projects	ı	1,038,069	1,182,816	1,191,670	5,645,779	3,805,580	13,065,547	10,355,460	9,622,023	3,354,110	2.978.879
Total governmental activities expenses		15,937,014	16,731,843	18,376,871	23,264,109	22,887,359	33,505,046	31,960,599	30,307,089	26,881,660	27,490,110
Business-type activities:		!	į		:						
Transportation center		1,947,046	1,932,478	2,073,357	2,019,125	2,011,788	2,064,206	1,712,061	1,768,284	1,653,695	1,722,901
Parking lot		242,580	273,598	254,241	286,688	221,888	197,245	189,718	164,864	188,768	211,462
Total business-type activities expenses	l	2,189,626	2,206,076	2,327,598	2,305,813	2,233,676	2,261,451	1,901,779	1,933,148	1,842,463	1,934,363
Total Primary Government Expenses	₩	18,126,640 \$	18,937,919 \$	20,704,469 \$	25,569,922 \$	25,121,035 \$	35,766,497 \$	33,862,378 \$	32,240,237 \$	28,724,123 \$	29,424,473
Program Revenues: Governmental activities:											
Charges for services	↔	393,749 \$	394,132 \$	393,991 \$	400,622 \$	421,872 \$	465,122 \$	499,358 \$	168,476 \$	158.942 \$	143.416
Operating grants and contributions		13,522,068	13,995,879	15,523,441	19,180,272	18,612,389	18,680,640	19,638,316			21.990.444
Capital grants and contributions	ļ	3,999,310	1,916,034	592,330	3,970,403	4,075,489	14,698,618	17,748,508	24,293,792	6,478,321	2.585,559
Total governmental activities program											
revenues	1	17,915,127	16,306,045	16,509,762	23,551,297	23,109,750	33,844,380	37,886,182	44,648,736	27,667,725	24,719,419
Business-type activities:											
Transportation center Parking lot		3,345,748 448,668	1,539,275 883,296	2,972,787 394,103	2,339,479 565,268	2,020,399 513,411	1,666,166 472,158	1,478,011 422,220	1,620,591 358,700	1,804,697 370,457	3,234,772 565.188
Total business-type activities program											
revenues	ı	3,794,416	2,422,571	3,366,890	2,904,747	2,533,810	2,138,324	1,900,231	1,979,291	2,175,154	3,799,960
Total Government Program Revenues	\$	21,709,543 \$	18,728,616 \$	19,876,652 \$	26,456,044 \$	25,643,560 \$	35,982,704 \$	39,786,413 \$	46,628,027 \$	29,842,879 \$	28,519,379
Net (Expenses) Revenue:	(
Governmental activities Business-type activities		1,978,113 \$ 1,604,790	(425,798) \$ 216,495	(1,867,109) \$ 1,039,292	598,934	300,134	339,334 \$ (123,127)	5,925,583 \$ (1,548)	14,341,647 \$	786,075 \$	(2,770,691) 1,865,597
Total Government Net (Expenses) Revenue	₩	3,582,903 \$	(209,303) \$	(827,817) \$	886,122 \$	522,525 \$	216,207 \$	5,924,035 \$	14,387,790 \$	1,118,766 \$_	(905,094)

(Continued on next page)

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ENTITY WIDE (CONTINUED) LAST TEN YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	JUNE 30				
	i I	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Governmental activities:											
Member town contributions	↔	74,493 \$	74,493 \$	74,493 \$	77,329 \$	77,329 \$	77,329 \$	77,329 \$	84,631 \$	68,855 \$	95,175
Miscellaneous		42,132	40,332	121,997	279		927	303	1,409	9,935	871
Unrestricted investment earnings		12,493	6,535	3,877	4,664	3,433	7,230	8,258	12,154	38,598	118,868
Transfers					(668,379)						
Total governmental activities		129,118	121,360	200,367	(586,107)	80,762	85,486	85,890	98,194	117,388	214,914
Business-type activities:											
Mortgage release						3,300,000					
Miscellaneous		4,107									
Total business-type activities		4,107	 - -	•	•	3,300,000					ı
Total Government	σ	133,225 \$	121,360 \$	200,367 \$	(586,107) \$	3,380,762 \$	85,486 \$	\$ 25,890	98,194 \$	117,388 \$	214,914
Change in Net Position: Governmental activities	↔	2,107,231 \$	(304,438) \$	(1,666,742) \$	(298,919) \$	303,153 \$	424,820 \$	6,011,473 \$	14,439,841 \$	903,463 \$	(2,565,777)
Business-type activities	ļ	1,608,897	216,495	1,039,292	598,934	3,600,134	(123,127)	(1,548)	46,143	332,691	1,865,597
Total Government	₩	\$ 3,716,128 \$	(87,943) \$	(627,450) \$	300,015 \$	3,903,287 \$	301,693 \$	6,009,925 \$	14,485,984 \$	1,236,154 \$	(690,180)

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PURCHASED TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	JUNE 30	•			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Purchased Transportation Expenses: Governmental activities: Purchased transportation	\$ 11,893,465 \$ 13,444,762		\$ 13,530,050 \$ 14,530,669 \$ 15,436,325 \$ 16,912,580 \$ 18,193,141 \$ 17,549,848 \$ 19,661,907 \$ 21,322,741	14,530,669 \$	15,436,325 \$	16,912,580 \$	18,193,141 \$	17,549,848 \$	19,661,907 \$	21,322,741
Total primary government expenses	11,893,465	13,444,762	13,530,050	14,530,669	15,436,325	16,912,580	18,193,141	17,549,848	19,661,907	21,322,741
Purchased Transportation Program Revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions	393,749 10,216,297	394,132 11,081,058	393,991 11,197,408	400,622 12,094,602	421,872	465,122 14,782,464	499,358 15,892,416	168,476 16,807,307	158,952 16,887,946	143,416 18,416,352
Total government program revenues	10,610,046	11,475,190	11,591,399	12,495,224	13,287,969	15,247,586	16,391,774	16,975,783	17,046,898	18,559,768
Net Expenses/Change in Net Position: Governmental activities	\$ (1,283,419) \$	(1,969,572)	\$ (1,938,651) \$ -	(2,035,445) \$	(1,938,651) \$ (2,035,445) \$ (2,148,356) \$ (1,664,994) \$ (1,801,367) \$ (574,065) \$ (2,615,009) \$ (2,762,973)	(1,664,994) \$	(1,801,367) \$	(574,065) \$	(2,615,009) \$	(2,762,973)

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Federal and State Grants	-	Contributions from Member Towns	Local Private of Fed Gran	Share leral	 Interest Income	. -	Charter Bus Income	Cash Fares and Miscellaneous	_	Total
2019	\$ 24,099,543	\$	95,175 \$	42	23,444	\$ 118,868	\$		\$ 197,303	\$	24,934,333
2018	26,548,244		68,855	90	9,420	38,598			220,006		27,785,123
2017	41,154,774		84,631	3,28	31,624	12,154			213,747		44,746,930
2016	33,364,273		77,329	3,97	2,245	8,258			549,967		37,972,072
2015	28,170,601		77,329	5,14	9,957	7,230			524,749		33,929,866
2014	21,687,420		77,329	96	5,458	3,433			456,872		23,190,512
2013	21,694,782		77,329	1,34	6,602	4,664			510,192		23,633,569
2012	15,912,928		74,493	18	1,963	3,877		109,066	427,801		16,710,128
2011	15,233,680		74,493	68	2,337	6,535		3,000	651,821		16,651,866
2010	16,709,251		74,493	81	4,842	12,493		6,787	546,829		18,164,695

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					YEAR	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
t: d (1) able	\$ 1,115,776 \$	4A	↔	ь	↔	€	↔	75,978	\$ 77,047	116,472
Assigned Unassigned (1)		1,290,812	1,382,627	717,649	9 737,338	784,471	829,148	34,300 782,646	52,300 834,526	70,300
Total General Fund	\$ 1,115,776 \$ 1,290,812 \$ 1,382,627	1,290,812	\$ 1,382,627	₩	717,649 \$ 737,338 \$ 784,471	\$ 784,471 \$	829,148 \$	892,924 \$	963,873 \$	1,123,839
Special revenue fund: Unreserved/unassigned \$	·	-	·	σ.	ь В	9 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	φ" .	1	φ" ' 	1

(1) Fund terminology changed beginning in fiscal 2011 due to a change in accounting standards.

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Revenues:										
Revenues:	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Federal grants	\$ 3,223,884 \$	1,952,295 \$	670,844 \$	5,917,704 \$	4,326,732 \$	8,875,580 \$	12,302,336 \$	17,550,439 \$	4.640.508 \$	2.066.394
State grants	13,485,367	13,281,385	15,242,084	15,777,078	17,360,688	19,295,021	21,061,937		21.907.736	22.033.149
Contributions from member towns	74,493	74,493	74,493	77,329	77,329	77,329	77,329	84,631	68.855	95 175
Local/private share	814,842	682,337	181,963	1,346,602	965,458	5,149,957	3,972,245	3,281,624	909,420	423,444
Interest income	12,493	6,535	3,877	4,664	3,433	7,230	8,258	12,154	38,598	118 868
Fares	384,148	389,676	388,620	395,032	421,872	465,122	499,358	168.476	158 952	143.416
Incidental charter	6,787	3,000	112,066		•				700,000	2
Vehicle sales and miscellaneous	162,681	262,145	36,181	115,160	35,000	59,627	50,609	45,271	61.054	53.887
Total revenues	18,164,695	16,651,866	16,710,128	23,633,569	23,190,512	33,929,866	37,972,072	44,746,930	27,785,123	24,934,333
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Project administration	1,092,359	1,400,699	1,252,163	1,335,454	1,451,950	1,645,279	1,784,747	1,801,819	1,785,148	1,810,403
Professional services	286,867	254,850	392,258	445,987	484,617	525,346	592,931	580,346	615,377	810,417
Insurance and claims	2,928,006	2,013,633	3,363,566	2,821,890	3,382,433	3,216,196	3,118,670	2,864,017	3,586,103	2.883,096
Purchased transportation	9,819,224	10,571,097	10,729,271	11,594,442	12,374,835	14,126,130	15,006,862	15,616,068	15,569,357	16,895,581
Charlet bus maintenance	011	000	1000	000						
Capital outlay	3,774,752	7,230,551	- 1	7,432,395	5,476,988	14,369,782	17,424,185	23,820,904	6,158,189	2.374.870
Total expenditures	17,901,208	16,476,830	16,618,313	23,630,168	23,170,823	33,882,733	37,927,395	44,683,154	27,714,174	24,774,367
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	263,487	175,036	91,815	3,401	19,689	47,133	44,677	63,776	70,949	159,966
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	i (9		•						
Transfers out	56,705	43,490	1,904	650	1,498	279	798	1,502	644	355
Transfer to grant programs	(50,7,05)	(43,490)	(1,904)	(658,379)	(1,498)	(279)	(798)	(1,502)	(644)	(355)
Total other financing uses				(668,379)			1			J
Net Change in Fund Balances	263,487	175,036	91,815	(664,978)	19,689	47.133	44 677	63 776	70 949	160 066
			•					2 (2)	0,00	138,800
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	852,289	1,115,776	1,290,812	1,382,627	717,649	737,338	784,471	829,148	892,924	963,873
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,115,776 \$	1,290,812 \$	1,382,627 \$	717,649 \$	737,338 \$	784,471 \$	829,148 \$	892,924 \$	963,873 \$	1,123,839
Debit Service as a Percentage to Noncapital										
Expenditures	A/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Federal and State Grants	Contributions from Member Towns	_	Local and Private Share of Federal Grants	 Interest Income	. -	Charter Bus/Rental Income	<u></u>	Cash Fares and discellaneous	-	Total
2019	\$	24,099,543	\$ 95,175	\$	423,444	\$ 118,868	\$	\$	5	197,303	\$	24,934,333
2018	•	26,548,244	68,855		909,420	38,598				220,006		27,785,123
2017		41,154,774	84,631		3,281,624	12,154				213,747		44,746,930
2016		33,364,273	77,329		3,972,245	8,258				549,967		37,972,072
2015		28,170,601	77,329		5,149,957	7,230				524,749		33,929,866
2014		21,687,420	77,329		965,458	3,433				456,872		23,190,512
2013		21,694,782	77,329		1,346,602	4,664		115,160		395,032		23,633,569
2012		15.912.928	74,493		181,963	3,877		3,000		533,867		16,710,128
2011		15,233,680	74,493		682,337	6,535		3,000		651,821		16,651,866
2010		16,709,251	74,493		814,842	12,493		6,787		546,829		18,164,695

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT PRINCIPAL REVENUE PAYORS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	ı			YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	ED JUNI	≣ 30		
			2019				2010	
	I	Total Revenue	Rank	Percentage of Total Governmental Revenue	X	Total Revenue	Rank	Percentage of Total Governmental Revenue
Connecticut Department of Transportation	↔	22,505,979	~	75.12%	\$ 13	13,661,274	4	79.98%
Federal Transit Administration		3,809,942	7	12.72%	4	4,774,035		27.95%
	₩	\$ 26,315,921		87.84%	\$	18,435,309		107.92%

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE PARKING LOT BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Debt Service Principal Interest Total		Gross	o d	Direct Operating		Net Revenue Available for		Deb	t Serv	Debt Service Requirements	nents		
\$ 201,711 \$ \$ \$ \$ 151,104 179,847 205,758 245,625 180,166 33,373 989 34,361 102,136 37,608 3,436 41,044 107,393 35,873 5,171 41,044 67,807 33,333 7,712 41,045	Revenue (2)		Exp	enses (1)	1	Debt Service	Prin	cipal		Interest		Total	Coverage
151,104 179,847 205,758 245,625 180,166 37,608 3,436 107,393 35,873 67,807 33,333 7,712 41,045 5,171 41,045	413,173 \$	↔		211,462	↔	201,711	€		\$		↔	1	√/Z
- 205,758	339,872			188,768		151,104						1	√Z
205,758 245,625 180,166 33,373 989 34,361 102,136 37,608 3,436 41,044 107,393 35,873 5,171 41,044 57,807 33,333 7,712 41,045	344,711			164,864		179,847						,	A/N
245,625 180,166 33,373 989 34,361 102,136 37,608 3,436 41,044 5,171 41,045 49,854 31,292 9,753 41,045	395,476			189,718		205,758						1	A/N
180,166 33,373 989 34,361 3 102,136 37,608 3,436 41,044 3 107,393 35,873 5,171 41,044 3 67,807 33,333 7,712 41,045 49,854 31,292 9,753 41,045	442,870			197,245		245,625						1	√/N
102,136 37,608 3,436 41,044 35,873 5,171 41,044 33,333 7,712 41,045 49,854 31,292 9,753 41,045	401,065			220,899		180,166	***	33,373		686		34,361	5.2
107,393 35,873 5,171 41,044 67,807 33,333 7,712 41,045 49,854 31,292 9,753 41,045	385,388			283,252		102,136	• •	37,608		3,436		41,044	2.48
67,807 33,333 7,712 41,045 49,854 31,292 9,753 41,045	356,463			249,070		107,393	• •	35,873		5,171		41,044	2.62
49,854 31,292 9,753 41,045	333,693			265,886		67,807	• •	33,333		7,712		41,045	1.65
	282,681			232,827		49,854	•	31,292		9,753		41,045	1.2

⁽¹⁾ Direct operating expenses represent operating expenses excluding interest for Parking Lot operations.

⁽²⁾ Gross revenue represents fees from Parking Lot operations.

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN YEARS

	 Business	-Type A	ctivities	
Fiscal Year	 Revenue Bonds		Mortgage	Per Capita
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ 136,771 103,438 70,981 33,373	\$	3,300,000 3,300,000 3,300,000 3,300,000	5.87 5.72 5.72 5.60 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

See Demographic Statistics for source of population data.

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Population of Member Towns (1)	Pe Inc	verage r Capita come of er Towns (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2010	585,267	\$	36,624	9.10%
2011	594,842		N/A	8.46%
2012	589,460		N/A	8.01%
2013	594,842		N/A	8.18%
2014	589,460		N/A	8.01%
2015	807,705		N/A	5.60%
2016	802,167		N/A	5.69%
2017	802,167		N/A	4.70%
2018	802,167		N/A	4.50%
2019	805,444		N/A	3.63%

Sources:

- (1) Capitol Region Council of Governments; U.S. Census Bureau; List of Municipalities of CT by Population; Connecticut State Department of Public Health
- (2) Connecticut Economic Resource Center (CERC)
- (3) Bureau of Labor Statistics Greater Hartford Region

N/A - Information not available

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2019			2010	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank ·	Hartford Employment	Number of		Total Greater Hartford
State of Connecticut			The state of the s	Employees	Rank	Employment
United Technologies Corp.	77,700	~	13.36%	53 129	*	
Hartford Health Care	13,000	7	2.24%	26,120	- c	9.74%
Saint Francis Hospital and Medical Center	11,266	က	1.94%) ()	7	4.84%
UCONN Health	8,545	4	1.47%	•	ı	ı
EverSource	6,355	2	1.09%	ı i	1	•
The Hartford	5,001	9	0.86%	4 148		ı
Aetna Inc.	5,000	7	0.86%	12,500	m c	%92.0
Travelers Insurance	4,000	∞	0.69%	7.366	თ <i>4</i>	2.31%
Cigna Holding Co.	4,000	ග ්	0.69%	6.200	1 և	1.35%
Hartford Hospital	4,000	10	0.69%	1	ו כ	1.14%
Bank of America	r	i	1	5,100	ď	
John Dempsey Hospital	•	r	1	5,100) h	0.93%
University of Connecticut	•	1	,	5,000	- α	0.93%
ŀ	1	ı		4,000	10	0.92%
l 0tal	138,867		200 00		•	0/07:0
			73.89%	129,043	"	23.66%

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					YEAR ENDED	D JUNE 30				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General government: Management services Finance Transportation projects	2 4 9	7 8 9	3 9	2 3 3	w w w	2 2 3	2 3	2 7 3	02 12 03	w 01 4
Total	12	7	11	7	12	10	10	10	10	တ

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Source: GHTD Human Resources Department

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2010	88,132 184,616 282,750
	2011	15,352 - 300,944
	2012	- 298,463
	2013	- 347,626
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	2014	443,759
YEAR END	2015	- 512,378
	2016	524,684
	2017	- 503,814
	2018	- 426,710
	2019 2018	513,438
		lumber of Passenger Trips: Dial-A-Ride Service Commuter Service ADA

Source: GHTD ADA Department

GREATER HARTFORD TRANSIT DISTRICT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2010		10	۲	123
	2011		l	_	115
	2012		1	_	119
	2013		ı	~	117
JUNE 30	2014		ı	1	120
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	2015		ı	1	119
>	2016		ı	1	144
	2017		1	1	157
				ı	157
	2019 2018		1	ī	157
	. 1	Number of transportation vehicles:	Commuter Bus Service	Dial-A-Ride	ADA

Source: GHTD ADA Department